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Tables

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Here we describe the editing of tables in the wiki code. For fast editing of tables, the [WYSIWYG editor](#) is recommended. Nevertheless, in some cases, the classic editing with wiki tags may be necessary.


Functionality

Tables are a very important tool for designing wiki pages. Besides from displaying content in a structured way, tables occasionally are used to design whole pages. The basic structure of the main page or the topic portal page for example are based on a table. However, tables should only be used very carefully to structure entire pages. The source code quickly becomes confusing for outsiders and for the reading devices of the visually impaired, they represent a barrier. Therefore, Wikipedia advises their users quite fundamentally from using tables as a graphical element for entire pages.

[MediaWiki](#) has its own syntax for displaying tables. This syntax is similar to common HTML but much simpler.

Nevertheless, the editing of tables remains complex. The use of editors produces HTML code that is a barrier to editing by others.

Simple tables

Input	Result	Comment						
<pre>{ Cell 1 Cell 2 - Cell 3 Cell 4 }</pre>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell 1</td> <td>Cell 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cell 3</td> <td>Cell 4</td> </tr> </table>	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 4	<p>This is the syntax for a simple table.</p>		
Cell 1	Cell 2							
Cell 3	Cell 4							
<pre>{ - Cell 1 Cell 2 - Cell 3 Cell 4 - Cell 5 Cell 6 }</pre>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell 1</td> <td>Cell 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cell 3</td> <td>Cell 4</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cell 5</td> <td>Cell 6</td> </tr> </table>	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 4	Cell 5	Cell 6	<p>To save space it is possible to write several cells in one line of code. In this case the cells have to be separated by <code> </code>. A table with tree rows can be created like this.</p>
Cell 1	Cell 2							
Cell 3	Cell 4							
Cell 5	Cell 6							
<p>Notice: To begin a new row put a hyphen ("-") after the leading pipe symbol (" "). Repeat as often as needed.</p>								
<p>To create a simple table quickly in BlueSpice Wiki, use the Button "Insert a Table"  in any editor view.</p>								

More complex tables

A Wikipedia article about this can be found here: [\[1\]](#)

Borders

Input	Result	Comment				
<pre>{ border="1" Cell 1 Cell 2 - Cell 3 Cell 4 }</pre>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Cell 1</td> <td>Cell 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cell 3</td> <td>Cell 4</td> </tr> </table>	Cell 1	Cell 2	Cell 3	Cell 4	<p>The border must be set in the first line of the table (directly after the <code>{ }</code>).</p> <p>The frame thickness is specified in pixels: border = "x"</p>
Cell 1	Cell 2					
Cell 3	Cell 4					
<p>Note: The classic table borders may look a little old-fashioned. Therefore there you can use layout templates for your tables.</p>						

Title rows

Input	Result	Comment						
<pre>{ - ! Last Name ! First Name - Karstadt Liesl - Valentin Karl }</pre>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Last Name</th> <th>First Name</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Karstadt</td> <td>Liesl</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Valentin</td> <td>Karl</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Last Name	First Name	Karstadt	Liesl	Valentin	Karl	<p>Title rows are specified with <code>!</code> instead of <code> </code>.</p>
Last Name	First Name							
Karstadt	Liesl							
Valentin	Karl							

Combining cells: rowspanning and rolspanning

Input	Result	Comment									
<pre>{ - ! A ! B ! C - Cell 1 colspan="2" align="center"</pre>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> <th>C</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cell 1</td> <td colspan="2">Cell 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cell 3</td> <td>Cell 4</td> <td>Cell 5</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	C	Cell 1	Cell 2		Cell 3	Cell 4	Cell 5	<p>This is a table containing a cell which spans tow columns. The command <code>colspan="2"</code> is entered before the corresponding</p>
A	B	C									
Cell 1	Cell 2										
Cell 3	Cell 4	Cell 5									

Input	Result	Comment						
<pre>{ Cell 2 - Cell 3 Cell 4 Cell 5 }</pre>		cell and separated by <code> </code> . The following command (<code>align="center"</code>) is there to center the cell content and is used only to better demonstrate the effect.						
<pre>{ - A B rowspan="2" align="center" Cell 1 Cell 2 - Cell 4 }</pre>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>A</th> <th>B</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cell 1</td> <td>Cell 2</td> </tr> <tr> <td></td> <td>Cell 4</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	A	B	Cell 1	Cell 2		Cell 4	A Table containing a cell which spans two rows (<code>rowspan="2"</code>).
A	B							
Cell 1	Cell 2							
	Cell 4							

Note: Empty cells won't get a border automatically. In some browsers you can force a border with a nonbreaking space ` ` inside these cells.

Nested tables

Input	Result	Comment					
<pre>{ border="1" Cell 1 { border="1" Cell A - Cell B } Cell 3 }</pre>	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cell 1</td> <td> <table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cell A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cell B</td> </tr> </tbody> </table> </td> <td>Cell 3</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Cell 1	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cell A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cell B</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Cell A	Cell B	Cell 3	A table inside another table. To nest tables simply use an additional opening <code>{ </code> where you want the inner table to be. But make sure there is no pipe symbol at the beginning of that line.
Cell 1	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Cell A</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Cell B</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Cell A	Cell B	Cell 3			
Cell A							
Cell B							

Caption

Input	Result	Comment						
<pre>{ + This is a nice table -</pre>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td colspan="2">This is a nice table</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Table</td> <td>nice</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Nice</td> <td>table</td> </tr> </table>	This is a nice table		Table	nice	Nice	table	It is possible to add a centered caption above the table with <code> + my caption</code> at the beginning.
This is a nice table								
Table	nice							
Nice	table							

Input	Result	Comment
<pre>{ Table nice - Nice table }</pre>		

Lists

Input	Result	Comment				
<pre>{ - Right listing Wrong listing - * first entry * second entry * first entry * second entry }</pre>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Right listing</th> <th>Wrong listing</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> first entry second entry </td> <td> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> * first entry * second entry </td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Right listing	Wrong listing	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> first entry second entry 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * first entry * second entry 	<p>The list entries have to start in a new line. Otherwise an asterix will be rendered instead of a bullet symbol.</p>
Right listing	Wrong listing					
<ul style="list-style-type: none"> first entry second entry 	<ul style="list-style-type: none"> * first entry * second entry 					

Sortable tables

Input	Result	Comment									
<pre>{ class="sortable" - Col 1 Col 2 Col 3 - 12346 € 234,44 SuSe - 98765 € 77,55 IBM }</pre>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>Col 1</th> <th>Col 2</th> <th>Col 3</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>12346</td> <td>€ 234,44</td> <td>SuSe</td> </tr> <tr> <td>98765</td> <td>€ 77,55</td> <td>IBM</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Col 1	Col 2	Col 3	12346	€ 234,44	SuSe	98765	€ 77,55	IBM	<p>With <code>class="sortable"</code> you can make a table sortable by the items of its columns. Just click on the little arrows next to the title cells!</p>
Col 1	Col 2	Col 3									
12346	€ 234,44	SuSe									
98765	€ 77,55	IBM									
<p>Limitations:</p> <ul style="list-style-type: none"> To properly sort numbers by their numeric values, they must not contain a thousand separator or units (except the currency symbols \$ and €) or other labels. An indication of the units used should therefore be given in the header. For complex tables (i.e., those with non-uniform rows and columns), sorting is not possible. 											

Column widths

Input	Result	Comment						
<pre>{ - ! width="10%" 10 % ! width="20%" 20 % ! width="40%" 40 % - valign="top" A B C }</pre>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>10 %</th> <th>20 %</th> <th>40 %</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>B</td> <td>C</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	10 %	20 %	40 %	A	B	C	<p>Column widths can be specified relative and absolute, with absolute values in pixels only being used when embedding graphics. The width specification is necessary and useful only for one cell of the column.</p>
10 %	20 %	40 %						
A	B	C						
<pre>{ - ! width="50" 50 ! width="100" 100 ! width="200" 200 - A B C }</pre>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th>50</th> <th>100</th> <th>200</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <td>A</td> <td>B</td> <td>C</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	50	100	200	A	B	C	
50	100	200						
A	B	C						

Cell spacing with cellspacing and cellpadding

Input	Result	Comment						
<pre>{ cellspacing="9" cellpadding="0" border="1" - Alpha Beta Gamma - Delta Epsilon Zeta }</pre>	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Alpha</td> <td>Beta</td> <td>Gamma</td> </tr> <tr> <td>Delta</td> <td>Epsilon</td> <td>Zeta</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Alpha	Beta	Gamma	Delta	Epsilon	Zeta	<p>With <i>cellspacing</i> the distance between the cells can be determined. The larger the cellspacing value, the wider the bridge between the cells. With <i>cellpadding</i> one determines the distance of the cell contents from the cell frame.</p>
Alpha	Beta	Gamma						
Delta	Epsilon	Zeta						
<pre>{ cellspacing="0" cellpadding="9" border="1" - Alpha Beta }</pre>	<table border="1"> <tbody> <tr> <td>Alpha</td> <td>Beta</td> <td>Gamma</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>	Alpha	Beta	Gamma				
Alpha	Beta	Gamma						

Input	Result	Comment			
<pre> Gamma - Delta Epsilon Zeta } </pre>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>Delta</td> <td>Epsilon</td> <td>Zeta</td> </tr> </table>	Delta	Epsilon	Zeta	
Delta	Epsilon	Zeta			

Alignment

Input	Result	Comment																
<pre> { cellpadding="0" border="1" - ! width="25%" ! width="25%" align="left" left ! width="25%" align="center" centered ! width="25%" align="right" right - valign="top" ! height="38" top align="left" xx align="center" xxx align="right" xx - valign="middle" ! height="38" middle align="left" x align="center" x align="right" x - valign="bottom" ! height="38" bottom align="left" x align="center" x align="right" x } </pre>	<table border="1"> <thead> <tr> <th></th> <th>left</th> <th>centered</th> <th>right</th> </tr> </thead> <tbody> <tr> <th>top</th> <td>xx</td> <td>xxx</td> <td>xx</td> </tr> <tr> <th>middle</th> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> </tr> <tr> <th>bottom</th> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> <td>x</td> </tr> </tbody> </table>		left	centered	right	top	xx	xxx	xx	middle	x	x	x	bottom	x	x	x	<p>Just as in HTML, you can align the contents of cells in the table differently. You can assign the attributes to individual cells or entire lines. The valign applies to the entire line, the align only to the respective cell.</p>
	left	centered	right															
top	xx	xxx	xx															
middle	x	x	x															
bottom	x	x	x															

Style templates

Input	Result	Comment		
<pre> { {{table1}} - text in left column text in right column } </pre>	<table border="1"> <tr> <td>text in left column</td> <td>text in right column</td> </tr> </table>	text in left column	text in right column	<p>Some users have created templates to simplify formatting. Instead of having to remember the table parameters, a style template</p>
text in left column	text in right column			

Input	Result	Comment
		can be used. This must be inserted after the <code>{ }</code> . The usage allows a consistent table layout, easier error handling, and easy layout customization for all tables.

Reference:VisualEditor

Extension: VisualEditor

Overview			
Description:	Is an editor you can use without having to enter special markup.		
State:	stable	Dependency:	MediaWiki
Developer:	MediaWiki	License:	MIT
Type:	MediaWiki	Category:	Editor
Edition:	BlueSpice pro, BlueSpice Farm, BlueSpice Cloud, BlueSpice free (deactivated)		
For more info, visit Mediawiki .			

Features

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Description

VisualEditor is a WYSIWYG editor that enables you to edit wiki pages without having to enter special markup (like HTML, wiki tags). The editor menu bar resembles those of commonly used word processing programs.

Usage / Features

When activated, clicking the "edit" button will load the visual editor instead of the wiki text editor.

If this is not the case, for example because you are using a form to edit the page, the VisualEditor is also available via the "arrow" menu next to the edit button under "Edit".

Technical information

Configuration

The VisualEditor uses the Node.js service Parsoid. Because this service cannot be installed in some cases, this extension is deactivated by default.

After successful installation and configuration, the visual editor can be activated as described [here](#).

Rights (permissions)

Requirements

VisualEditor requires [BlueSpiceFoundation](#).

User manual

For detailed description and usage please visit our [help page](#).

Try free our BlueSpice[BlueSpiceDemo](#).

Manual:Template

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What is a template?

A template is a type of reusable content that can be integrated into other pages of the wiki. It can be content-based (text template) or structure-based (layout template) or a combination of both.

A simple example is a notification box that looks identical on all pages, but contains different content on each page where it is used (layout template).

Tip: Message goes here

A template can also be used as the source for a [page template](#).

Characteristics of a template

- allows inserting reusable content with a placeholder
- is usually located in the namespace "Template"
- can have parameters
- often contains logic
- used to maintain a "look and feel"

[

Creating and including a template

A new template is created like a regular page, but in the namespace **Template**.

Example: [Simple template for a notification box](#)

A template is then included in a page by putting the name of the template (i.e., the title of the template page without the namespace prefix "Template:") in two curly brackets:

```
{{NotificationBox}}
```

Note: Template names are case-sensitive.

Editing a template

Changes to a template affect all pages that include this template. Before existing templates are changed, it is recommended that you check which pages use the template. To find these pages, you can go to Page tools > Toolbox > What links here.

Built-in variables

Each MediaWiki has a number of [built-in variables](#) that are not pages in the "template:" namespace, but are still used as templates.

For example, the variable `{{CURRENTTIME}}` returns the the current UTC time.

Further notes

- The use of a template is basically a [transclusion](#). It is also possible to use pages as templates that are not in the *Template* namespace. However, this is to be done wisely, since some functions require that the pages are in the template namespace.
- Templates can also be used to define the output of [semantic query](#). For more information, go to [Semantic MediaWiki](#). (This is an example where the pages must necessarily be in the template namespace.)
- The complete list of all pages of the wiki that are located in this namespace can be found on the page Special:Templates.

Related info

- meta.wikimedia.org/wiki/Help:Template